



REDDAM
— House —

WHISTLEBLOWING POLICY

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Introduction

Reddam House Bearwood seeks to conduct its business honestly and with integrity at all times. However, we acknowledge that all organisations face the risk of their activities going wrong from time to time, or of unknowingly harbouring malpractice. We believe we have a duty to take appropriate measures to identify such situations and attempt to remedy them. By encouraging a culture of openness and accountability with the organisation, we believe we can help prevent such situations occurring. We expect all staff to maintain high standards in accordance with our code of conduct and to report any wrongdoing that falls short of these fundamental principles. It is the responsibility of all workers to raise any concerns that they might have about malpractice within the workplace. The aim of this policy is to ensure that our workers are confident that they can raise any matters of genuine concern without fear of reprisals in the knowledge that they will be taken seriously and that the matters will be investigated appropriately and regarded as confidential.

The following guidance sets out the procedure by which staff can report concerns about workplace practices. This policy has been developed using guidance produced by various bodies including the independent charity Public Concern at Work and the Institute of Chartered Accounts in England and Wales.

This policy is for guidance only and does not form part of your contract of employment.

1. LEGISLATIVE FRAMEWORK

Whistle blowing is the disclosure of information by an employee or worker which relates to some danger, fraud or other illegal or unethical conduct in the workplace. The Employment Rights Act 1996 as amended by the Public Interest Disclosure Act 1998 governs the making of disclosures concerning workplace activities and is intended to protect employees who blow the whistle on bad practice from being subjected to any detriment or unfairly dismissed as a result.

2. PERSONNEL RESPONSIBLE FOR IMPLEMENTING OF POLICY

The Governing board has overall responsibility for Reddam House Bearwood's policy on whistle blowing, but has delegated day-to-day responsibility for overseeing and implementing it to the designated whistle-blowing officer (DWO). Responsibility for monitoring and reviewing the operation of the policy and any recommendations for change within the organisation resulting from investigations into complaints under the policy lies with the Headmaster or Governing Board.

Managers have a specific responsibility to facilitate the operation of this policy and to ensure that workers feel able to raise concerns without fear of reprisals in accordance with the procedure set down below.

All workers are responsible for the success of this policy and should ensure that they take steps to disclose any wrongdoing or malpractice of which they become aware. If you have any questions about the content or application of this policy, you should contact the DWO.

3. WHO IS COVERED BY THE POLICY?

This policy applies to all individuals working for us at all levels and grades, whether they are senior managers, employees, contractors, trainees or agency staff (collectively known as workers in this policy)

4. WHAT DISCLOSURES ARE COVERED?

This policy is distinct from our Grievance Procedure. If you have a complaint relating to your personal circumstances in the workplace then you should use the Grievance procedure. Concerns about malpractice within the organisation which affects or could affect, for example, parents, pupils, members of the public or other members of staff should be raised using the procedure set out in Para. 6.

You should use this policy if you have genuine concern that there are reasonable grounds for believing that:

- a. A criminal offence has been committed, is being committed or is likely to be committed.
- b. A person has failed, is failing, or is likely to fail to comply with their legal obligation.
- c. A miscarriage of justice has occurred, is occurring, or is likely to occur
- d. The health and safety of any individual has been, is being, or is likely to be endangered
- e. The environment has been, is being or likely to be damaged
- f. Any of the above are being or likely to be deliberately concealed

In the context of Reddam House Bearwood's business, particular concerns which may fall within the terms of this policy include, for example breach of our code of conduct, confidentiality, the provision of negligent advice, financial fraud, harassment occurring to others and health and safety. In general this policy covers actions or omissions you consider are illegal, contrary to policy or established procedure or outside the scope of an individual's authority, actions that could damage Reddam House Bearwood's reputation and conflicts of interest. However, only disclosures concerning those actions falling strictly within the categories in paragraph 4.2 will be eligible for the relevant statutory protection.

We will value any concerns reported in good faith under this procedure. If you are uncertain whether the matters concerning you are within the scope of this policy (for example, if you are suspicious but uncertain as to whether the law has been broken, or whether a person is acting outside the scope of their authority) we encourage you to report the concerns to the DWO in accordance with the procedure set out in Para. 6.

5. TO WHOM SHOULD A DISCLOSURE BE MADE?

We recognise that you may not feel comfortable discussing concerns direct with your line manager. For the purpose of this procedure you are asked, in the first instance, to raise concerns about any form of malpractice falling within the categories outlined in Para. 4 with the DWO who is currently the Headmaster and/or the Finance Manager. The DWO reports directly to the Board of Governors.

If the disclosure is extremely serious or in any way involves the DWO you should report it directly to the Chairman of the Governors.

We will always endeavour to handle investigations promptly and fairly, but if you have made a disclosure under the procedure outlined in Para. 6 and you are not satisfied with the investigation or its conclusion, you should write directly to the Chairman of Governors detailing your concerns.

We envisage that disclosures will be most likely to relate to the actions of our workers or managers, but they may also relate to the actions of a third party such as a parent. It may be appropriate for you to raise your concerns directly with the third party where you believe that the malpractice identified relates solely or mainly to their conduct or a matter, which is their legal responsibility. However, we would ask that you consult the DWO before speaking to a third party.

The aim of this policy is to provide an internal mechanism for reporting investigating and remedying any workplace wrongdoing. It is therefore hoped that it will not be necessary for workers to alert external organisations. However in very serious circumstances or following an internal report, which has not been addressed, we recognise that it may be appropriate for you to report your concerns to an external body, such as a regulator. The government has prescribed a list of appropriate bodies for such external reporting: for example the Environment Agency and the Health and Safety Executive. A full list is available from an independent charity called Public Concern at Work who can be contacted by telephone on 0207 404 6609 and by email at whistle@pcaw.demon.co.uk.

6. HOW SHOULD A DISCLOSURE BE MADE?

You can raise your concerns with the DWO orally or in writing. You must state that you are using the Whistleblowing Policy and specify whether you wish your identity to be kept confidential. The DWO will ask you to formalise your concerns in writing either before or after the first meeting. The DWO will acknowledge receipt of your formal written disclosure and keep a record of further action taken.

You are entitled to be accompanied by a workplace colleague or union representative at any meeting with the DWO under this procedure. Your companion will be asked to respect the confidentiality of your disclosure and any subsequent investigation.

We recognise that disclosures made under this policy may involve highly confidential and sensitive matters and that you may prefer to make an anonymous disclosure. However, we regret we cannot guarantee to investigate all anonymous allegations. Proper investigation may prove impossible if the investigator cannot obtain further information from you, give you feedback, or ascertain whether your disclosure was made in good faith. It is preferable for whistleblowers to reveal their identity to the DWO and measures can be taken to preserve confidentiality if appropriate.

7. INVESTIGATION OF DISCLOSURE

Reddam House Bearwood is committed to investigation disclosures fully, fairly, quickly and confidentially where circumstances permit. Following your submission of a formal written disclosure, the DWO will acknowledge receipt within five working days and make appropriate arrangements for investigation.

The length and scope of the investigation will depend on the subject matter of the disclosure. In most instances the DWO will carry out an initial assessment of the disclosure to determine whether there are any grounds for a more detailed investigation to take place or whether the disclosure is for example based on erroneous information. In any event a report will be produced and copies will be provided to the Board of Governors and where appropriate you will receive a copy.

If a longer investigation is considered necessary we will usually appoint an investigator or investigative team including personnel with experience of operating workplace procedures or specialist knowledge of the subject matter of the disclosure. Separate personnel will be asked to make a judgement on the report submitted by the investigator and recommendations for change will be suggested by the team to enable us to minimise the risk of the recurrence of any malpractice or impropriety which has been uncovered.

So as far as the DWO considers it appropriate and practicable you will be kept informed of the progress of the investigation. However, the need for confidentiality may prevent us giving you specific details of the investigation or actions taken. It is not normally appropriate to set a specific time frame for completion of investigations in advance, as the diverse nature of disclosures contemplated makes this unworkable.

We recognise that there may be matters that cannot be dealt with internally and in respect of which external authorities will need to be notified and become involved either during or after our investigation. We will endeavour to inform you if a referral to an external authority is about to or has taken place although we may need to make such a referral without your knowledge or consent if we consider it appropriate.

8. CONFIDENTIALITY

Every effort will be made to the identity of an individual who makes a disclosure under this policy confidential, at least until any formal investigation is under way. In order not to jeopardise the investigation into the alleged malpractice, you will also be expected to keep the fact that you have raised concern, the nature of the concern and the identity of those involved confidential. There may, however, be circumstances in which it will be necessary to identify your identity. This may occur in connection with associated disciplinary or legal investigations or proceedings. If in our view such circumstances exist we will make efforts to inform you that your identity is likely to be disclosed. If it is necessary for you to participate in an investigation, the fact that you made the original disclosure will, so far as is reasonably practicable, be kept confidential and all reasonable steps will be taken to protect you from any victimisation or detriment as a result of having made a disclosure. It is likely however that your role as whistleblower could still become apparent to third parties during the course of an investigation.

9. PROTECTION AND SUPPORT FOR WHISTLEBLOWERS

No member of staff who raises genuinely held concerns in good faith under this procedure would be dismissed or subjected to any detriment as a result of such action. Detriment includes unwarranted disciplinary action and victimisation. If you believe that you are being subjected to a detriment within the workplace as a result of raising concerns under this procedure, you should inform DWO immediately. Workers who victimise or retaliate against those who have raised concerns under this policy will be subject to disciplinary action.

If an investigation under this procedure concludes that a disclosure has been made maliciously, vexatiously, in bad faith or with a view to personal gain, the whistleblower will be subject to disciplinary action. Those choosing to make disclosures without following this procedure or anonymously may not receive the protection outlined above.

10. CORRECTIVE ACTION AND COMPLIANCE

As part of the investigation into disclosures made under this policy, recommendations for change will be invited from the investigative team to enable the College to minimise the risk of the recurrence of any malpractice or impropriety, which has been uncovered. The investigative team will be responsible for reviewing and implementing these recommendations in the future and for reporting on any changes required to the Governing Board.

11. MONITORING AND REVIEW OF POLICY

This policy reflects the law and the School's practice as at May 2006. The DWO in conjunction with the senior management will be responsible for reviewing this policy from a legislative and operational perspective at least annually.

The DWO has responsibility for ensuring that any personnel who may be involved with administration or investigations carried out under this policy receive regular and appropriate training to assist them with these duties.